Hacking the Nervous System with Frequency Specific Microcurrent: TBI, Concussion & Energy Sensitivity

Presented by
Shannon Goossen, AP, LMT, CMTPT
Hosted by
Darren Starwynn,OMD







All of us are subject to:

- our preconceived ideas
- notions
- beliefs
- what and how we were taught



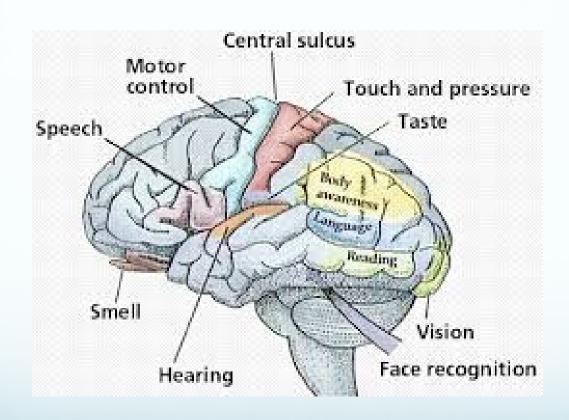
Thus,

You NEVER
think about
what you don't
think about

- Charles Aprill, MD

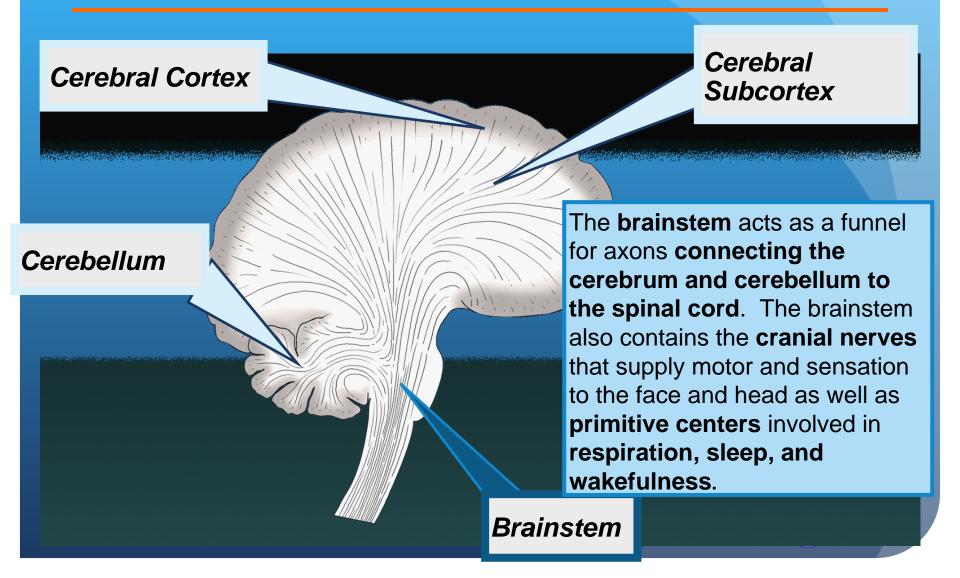


Processing Centers in the Brain

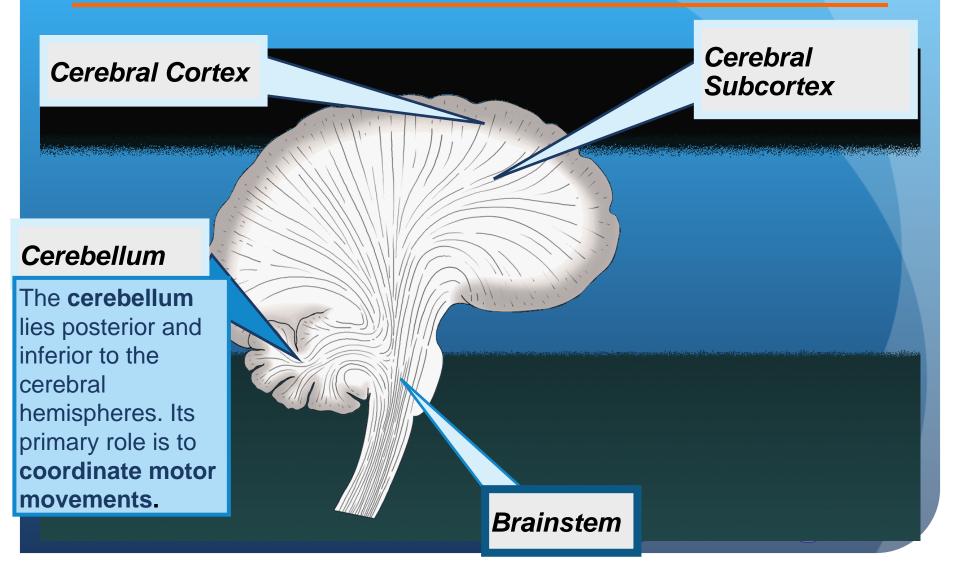




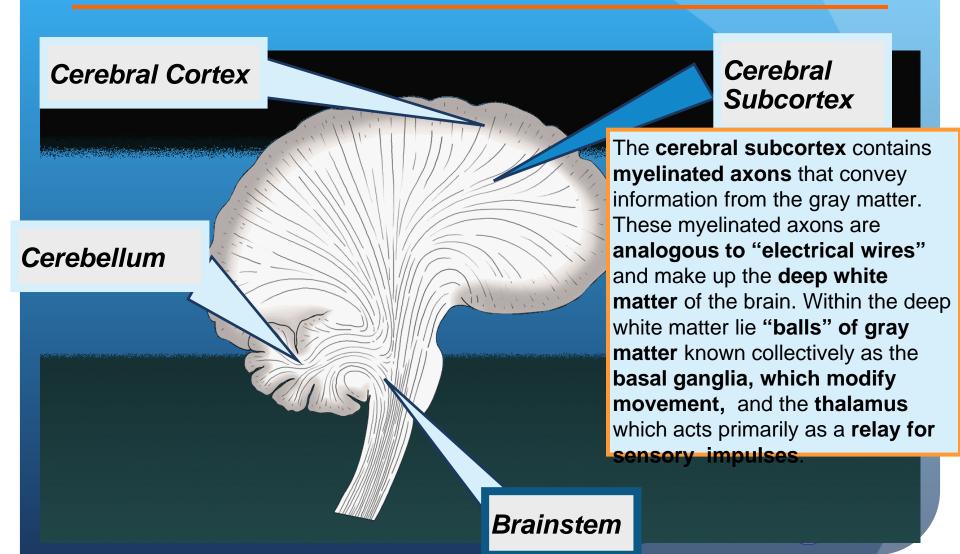
BRAIN ANATOMY 101: Brainstem



BRAIN ANATOMY 101: Cerebellum



BRAIN ANATOMY 101: Cerebral Subcortex



BRAIN ANATOMY 101: Cerebral Cortex

Cerebral Cortex

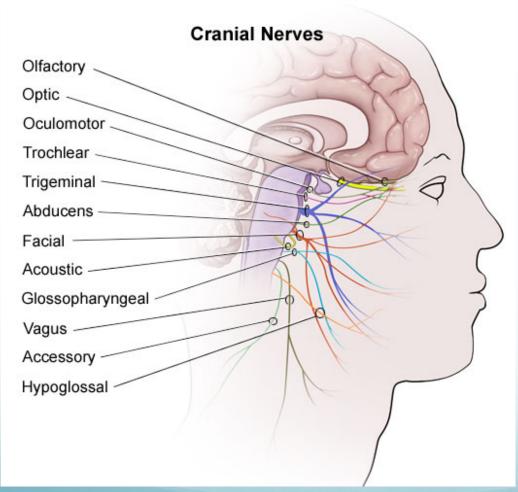
The cerebral cortex is composed of gray matter - primarily unmyelinated nerve cell bodies. Gray matter structures process information and act as the "computer center" of the brain, playing a central role in many complex higher cognitive functions such as memory, attention, and language. In most people the left cerebral cortex contains the language centers and the right cortex is involved in attention.

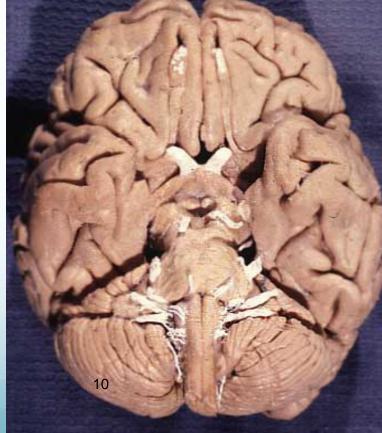
Cerebral Subcortex

Cerebellum

Brainstem

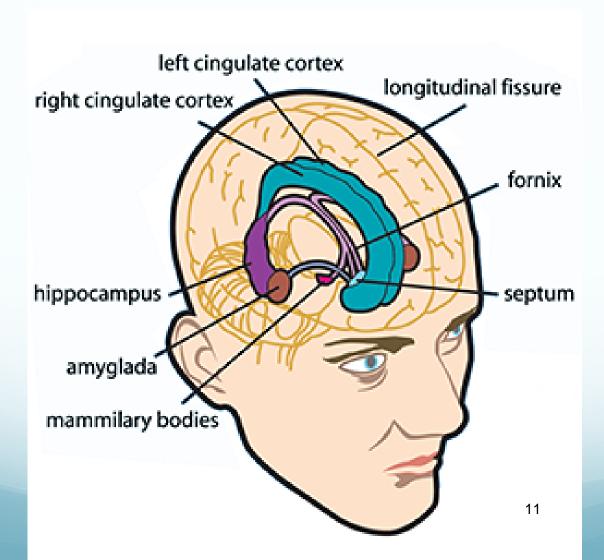
The Brain 201: Cranial Nerves





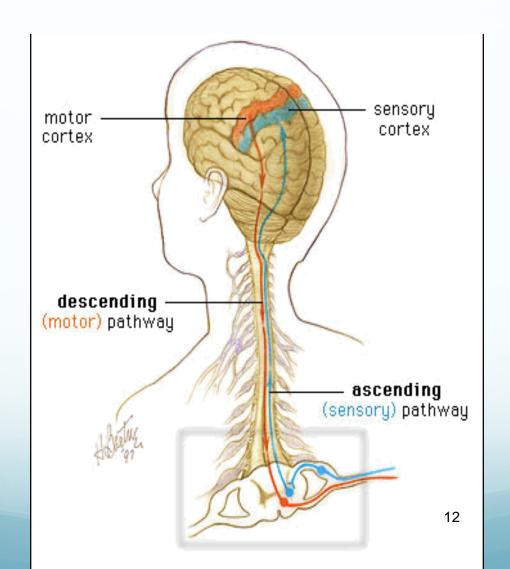


The Brain Structures: Limbic





Ascending and descending Pathways







Neurological Screening Review

Reflexes:

- ♦C5- Bicep
- **♦**C6- Brachioradialis
- ♦C7- Triceps

Sensation:

- ◆C5- Lateral arm (deltoid)
- ♦C6- Lateral forearm, thumb
- ♦C7- Middle finger
- ◆C8- Medial forearm, little finger
- ♦T1- Medial Arm
- ♦T2- Axilla

Motor/Muscle Strength:

- ♦C5- Shoulder Abduction
- ♦C6- Wrist extension
- ♦C7- Wrist flexion/ Finger Ext.
- ♦C8- Finger Flexion
- ♦T1- Finger Abduction, Adduction

Reflexes:

- **♦**L4-Patellar
- \$1-Achilles Tendon
- ◆Babinski

Sensation

- L1 L2 L3 Upper Mid Lower thigh
- ◆L4-Medial leg & foot
- ◆L5-Lateral leg/ dorsum of foot
- ◆S1-Lateral side of foot
- ◆S2-Longitudinal strip post. Thigh

Motor/ Muscle Strength:

- ♦T12 L1 L2 L3 Iliopsoas
- ◆L2 L3 L4 Quadriceps
- ◆L4-Tibialis Anterior
- **♦**L5-Toe Extensors
- ◆L5- Gluteus Medius
- ♦S1- Peronei
- ♦S1- Gastrocnemius/ Soleus





The Molecules of our Behavior

- Hormones and Endocrine Function
 - Chemistry delayed and at a distance
- Neuropeptides
 - Cofactors, but can function alone
- Neurotransmitters
 - Rapid communication at a synapse
 - Synaptic plasticity

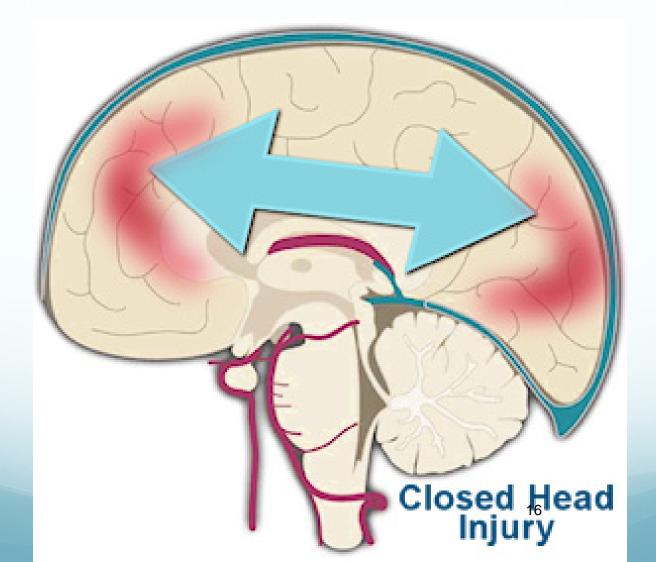


Neurotransmitters and Behavior

- Dopamine
 - Response initiation and reward (motivation)
- Norepinephrine
 - Vigilance
- Acetylcholine
 - Learning, memory, association
- GABA (and glycine, inhibitory AA)
 - Calming, stabilizing
- Serotonin
 - Mood, sleep, motor output, neuroendocrine secretion, nociception, analgesia, aggression, sexual behavior, anxiety, nutrition intake, thermoregulation, cardiovascular and respiratory activity......

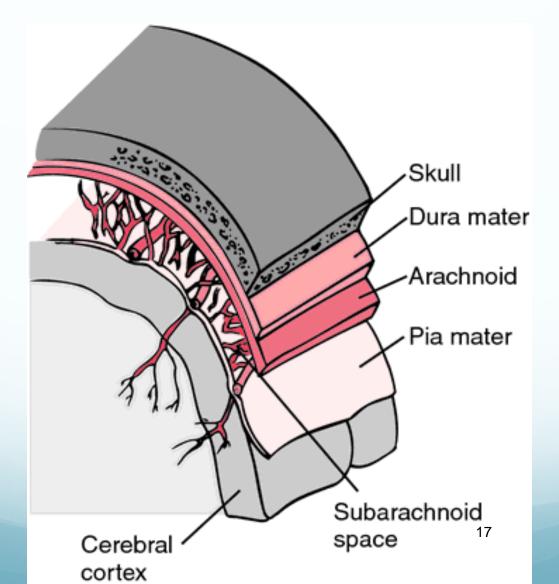


Concussion: When things go wrong...





How the Brain is Protected





The Brain and Head Injuries

- Classification:
 - Determined by the injury, what kind of trauma and which tissues
- TBI
 - Concussion
 - Scalp lacerations
 - Fractures to the skull
 - Penetration
 - Contusions or Hemorrhage



Concussion Symptoms

Primary complaints:

- Physical
 - Headaches
 - Vertigo
 - Vision Changes
 - Fatigue
 - Nausea and Vommiting
- Cognitive
 - Poor concentration
 - Slowed thinking
 - Memory



Concussion Symptoms

Primary complaints:

Emotional / mood

- Easily upset or angered
- Sad
- Nervous or anxious
- More emotional

Sleep

- Sleeping more than usual
- Sleeping less than usual
- Having a hard time falling asleep



The Extent of the Problem

- Depression is a leading cause of disability
- Anxiety 40 million affected
- Loss of focus, attention, concentration
- Memory issues
- Loss of vitality
- Loss of stress resilience
- Sleep disturbance



Different Types of Concussions

- Concussions are graded as mild (grade 1), moderate (grade 2), or severe (grade 3), depending on such factors as loss of consciousness, amnesia, and loss of equilibrium.
- Grade 1 concussion:
 - Symptoms last for less than 15 minutes.
 - There is no loss of consciousness.
- Grade 2 concussion:
 - There is no loss of consciousness
 - Symptoms last longer than 15 minutes.
- Grade 3 concussion:
 - Loss consciousness, sometimes just for a few seconds.



GET THE HISTORY

- Start at conception, pregnancy and birth
- Probe: People forget (this is a good sign)
- Just about everyone has been concussed
 - How many times, when and where
- Use the ACE questionnaire (Adverse Childhood Events)
- Health status
- WHO is the person with the TBI?



Traumatic Brain Injury

- TBI Symptoms vary from Mild, Moderate, Severe
- Concussion is a form of mild TBI
- The symptoms include those typically seen with concussion
 - Headaches, dizziness, vision disturbances, fatigue, lethargy, trouble with memory, concentration, attention, thinking, sleeping disturbances, behavioral and mood changes
 - The symptoms are affected by the persons pre concussion status (Healthy and well vs. stressed and unwell



Glasgow Coma Scale

- Is used to communicate the severity of the TBI
- 15 point Scale with a score range from 3-15

Glasgow Coma Scale		
BEHAVIOR	RESPONSE	SCORE
Eye opening	Spontaneously	4
response	To speech	3
-	To pain	2
	No response	1
Best verbal	Oriented to time, place, and person	5
response	Confused	4
	Inappropriate words	3
	Incomprehensible sounds	2
	No response	1
Best motor	Obeys commands	6
response	Moves to localized pain	5
	Flexion withdrawal from pain	4
	Abnormal flexion (decorticate)	3
	Abnormal extension (decerebrate)	2
	No response	1
Total score:	Best response	15
	Comatose client	8 or l 25 s
	Totally unresponsive	3



What the Score Determines

- Mild TBI (13-15) Think Mild Concussion
- Moderate (9-12) Concussion with LOC
 - Loss of Consciousness for greater than 30 min
 - Clear physical or cognitive impairment
 - Likely to benefit for rehabilitation
- Severe (3-8) Unconscious
 - Coma, unconscious state
 - No meaningful response
 - No voluntary activities
- Vegetative State (Less than 3)



Traumatic Brain Injury Complications

- General health, age, severity and location of the injury determine long term dysfunction of the individual
- Depending on the location of the injury and the Axons injured or disrupted different problems may be more disabling
 - Cognition (forebrain)
 - Sensory processing (think cranial nerves)
 - Communication (Temporal)
 - Behavior/mental health (Limbic system/neurotransmitter)



Where Microcurrent Therapies Excel...

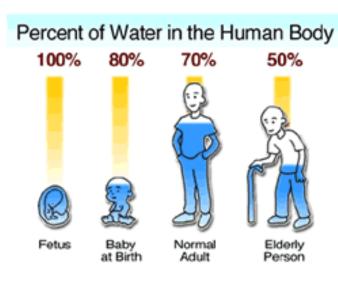


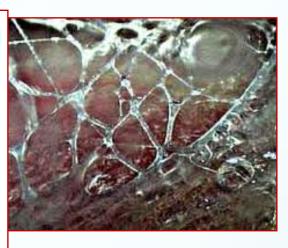
To Be or Not To Be... Concussed



You & Your Patients







Need to Hydrate for Microcurrent Tx



Concussion Protocol (SCP)

- Patients seem to respond and recover more quickly if the SCP is used in conjunction with any type of injury:
 - Always used when treating closed head injuries (mild to significant traumatic brain injury (MTBI - TBI))
 - Any trauma (physical, emotional, psychological, spiritual)
 - SCP is also a very safe way to assess response to this microcurrent therapy
 - Often you and the patient will notice a change in one to three appointments using just the SCP

We run the SCP on everyone at least once



Van Gelder's Concussion Model

- Trauma causes "concussion" in the medulla specifically and in the nervous system.
 - The medulla (in the brain stem) coordinates all traffic to and from the brain and assists in producing / modifying autonomic functions
 - It regulates the autonomic nervous system through the cranial and peripheral nerves
 - It regulates hormonal function by its connection to the pituitary
 - The medulla is especially important in the regulation of allergy reactions according to Van Gelder
- The VAGUS nerve (is Cranial Nerve X) and begins in the medulla and innervates many of the viscera
- Concussion can be from physical trauma to the brain stem or from overwhelming input from the VAGUS to the medulla by emotional, toxic or immune modulated trauma (signals)
- Carol McMakin & George Douglas as modified by Dr. Willner (the neurologist)



"TISSUES" – Channel 2 Standard Concussion Protocol Frequencies

Medulla: __/ 94

Anterior Pituitary: __/ 310

Solar Plexus:___/ 200

Pineal Gland: __/ 102

 For those that understand the concepts of Chakra's and energetic anatomy – Solar Plexus and Pineal Gland are "energy centers"



"The Concussion Protocol" Primary Frequencies

- 94 / 94: "Concussion" in the Medulla
- 321 / 94: Remove Paralysis &"Re-boot" the medulla
- 9 / 94: Allergy reaction in the medulla
- 49 / 94: Vitality in the medulla
- 94 / 310: Concussion / Anterior Pituitary
- 321 / 310: "Paralysis"/ Anterior Pituitary
- 9 / 310: Allergy Reaction / Anterior Pituitary
- 81 / 310: Support secretions / Pituitary
- 49 / 310: Restore vitality / Pituitary

Included in the MEND Pro and Wellness Essentials PreLoad



"The Concussion Protocol" Other Frequencies

94 / 200: Nervous Tension 970 / 200 Emotional Tension

- 94, 970 / 200 Nerve Trauma and Emotions in the Solar Plexus
- CTF data showed that serotonin levels increased with the SCP after these frequencies



A/B Pairs

6.8 / 38: Constitutional factors

- Homeopathic concept of genetic factors
 - In line with our current understanding of Epigenetics
- When "constitutional factors" are active you can use these safely. If you are unfamiliar with homeopathy these are still safe to use.
- Use for 1 2 minutes depending on symptom severity.
- Added at the end of the SCP frequencies



Concussion Protocol Final Frequencies

Abram's A/B Frequencies for Vitality

- 49 / 00: Vitality (49); General body tissue (00)
- 35 / 102: Balance the Energy Centers
- Refers to the energetic "body" once balanced and energetics are connected healing seems to be enhanced. (Peter Fraser)
- Run for 1 minute each



Van Gelder's Concussion Protocol

- 94 / 200 I have nervous tension and I can't relax
- 970 / 200 I'm more emotional and sensitive
- 94, 321, 9, 49 / 94 Since my Concussion to my Medulla
- 94, 321, 9, 81, 49 / 310 which then effected my hormones
- 6.8 / 38 and weird family "genetic" stuff has surfaced
- 49 / 37 or 49 / 39 or 49 / 00 I feel like I've lost my vitality
- 35 / 102 and I'm just not in my body, I don't feel centered

The Nervous System Reset program



Shock / Trauma

94 / 9420 min Trauma/ Medulla

321 / 945 min Reboot/Medulla

970, 971 / 1
 4 min Emotions, Spirit / Being

- This short, simple protocol has worked extremely well to help people "snap out of it" when traumatized for any reason.
- USE CAUTION with Central Vestibular issues



About 94/94 & Concussion





BRAIN TISSUES

/Channel 2 /Target Tissue Frequencies



Channel 2: Frequencies for the Brain

- / 90 Forebrain
- / 94 Medulla
- /89 Midbrain
- / 84 Hindbrain or Cerebellum
- / 92* Sensory Cortex / 255, 415* Motor Cortex
- / 310 Anterior Pituitary
- / 292 Posterior Pituitary
- / 102 Pineal gland
- / 1 Brain, Cranium
- / 45 Nervous System



The Cerebellum - / 84 Myofascial Pain & Dysfunction

The Cerebellum coordinates movement, creating sensory and motor integration; Impacting emotional/physical well-being and security.

- Treat concussion in the cerebellum: 94 / 84
 - Whenever there is a history of head trauma or documented head injury
 - For any prolonged motor dysfunction due to orthopedic injury, casts, splints, or nerve trauma
 - When a patient is emotionally "different" after an injury or out of sorts post treatment, add the midbrain: / 89

Example:

94, 321, 9, 40, 284, 81, 49 / 84, 89, 90





Cerebellum, Hindbrain /84

- This is a dual frequency for the hindbrain and the diaphragm
- Consider with proprioception, vision and hearing issues
 - EDS/Loose ligament syndrome
 - Lazy eyes





The Midbrain /89

- Consider /89 when a patient has had damage to the thalamus (pain processing center)
 - Stroke or Severe Head Trauma
 - Chronic Neurologic Pain
 - CRPS/RSD





The Forebrain /90

- Consider in concussion when the impact is the back of the head
- Consider in sympathetic up-regulation
- Consider when the flexors of the body are contracted
- Consider with forward head carry
- Consider with complaints of brain fog, poor attention and focus



The Issues of the Brain

Channel 1/
Condition Frequencies/



Channel 1: Frequencies for Conditions

- 970 /__ Emotional factors
- 94 /__ Nerve trauma, "Concussion"
- 124 /___ Torn or Broken
- 321 /__ Paralysis or "re-boot" (MS)
- 9 /__ Allergy Reaction
- 49 / ___ Vitality

970, 94, 124, 321, 9, 49 / Brain Tissue Frequencies

These are the essential "Go To" frequencies





Other Useful Frequencies

18 / __ Stop Bleeding

- In the event you have a device at the time of an injury
- Useful after any injury
- Use in the first 24 hours OR longer if someone is on anticoagulant therapy





Other Useful Frequencies

19 / __ Removing anesthetic

- May remove the lingering effects of anesthetic from tissue
- Useful after surgery
- Has reportedly been effective years after a surgery

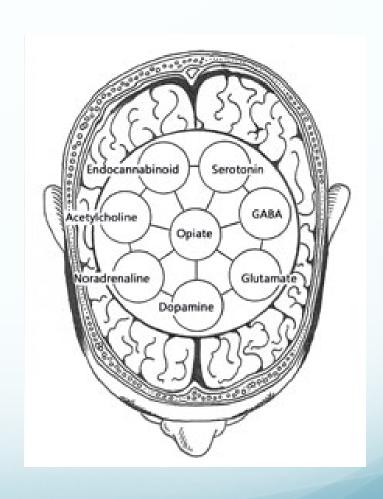


Secretions 81 / in the brain

Remember 81 Hz supports or increases secretions

Caution!

- Know your Secretions if you use this other than in SCP
- Neurotransmitters
- Neuromodulators
- Hormones
- Co-factors
- IF in doubt.. Don't use this Please take the advanced module on this topic – very useful information!





Finish with Vitality 49 / ____

Thus a Basic Brain Protocol could look like

- 40,94,321,9,970,124,40,284, 91, 81,49 / 90 Forebrain
- 40,94,321,9,970,124,40,284, 91, 81,49 / 94 Medulla
- 40,94,321,9,970,124, 40,284,91, 81,49 / 84 Hindbrain

With the new MEND Device the essentials have 40/ first because you can evaluate the frequency for response very quickly



The Frequency Essentials

- Clinical practice has taught us that these seem to be the essential frequencies of any basic program
- A sentence has certain required elements to be a sentence
- The Essentials for the CNS are:

94, 321, 9, 970, 124, 40, 284/ Target tissue

Address Trauma, Reboot, Decrease Inflammation



The Sensitive Patient Cell phones... WiFi... And the Grid



Who's Electrically Sensitive?

- We all are... or you are not alive
- Degrees of sensitivity
- Specialized cells for electromagnetism
- Communication within the CNS can be disrupted
 - Sleep can be effected by cell phones
 - Fatigue from sitting in front of computers
 - Hormone problems
 - Tinnitus
 - Headaches / Pain
 - Chronic Fatigue



Electromagnetic Hypersensitivity (EHS)

is the medical term for a set of health symptoms whose cause is electrically based. It is also called Electrical **Sensitivity** (ES), EMF injured, Microwave or Radiation Sickness, and other names.



More Information

EMFSafetyNetwork.org



Practical Steps

- Reduce Exposure
- Use wired earbuds if you talk on the phone a lot
- Unplug electrical appliances when not in use
- Turn off your WiFi at night
- GO OUTSIDE and ground away from signals and towers
- Nutrition and Exercise
- Meditate/ Mindfulness



Training, Courses, & Devices

www.Frequenciesthatmend.com

www.MENDTechnology.com

Register & Sign up for more information and to be notified of upcoming live courses and educational webinars

My Contact information:
Shannon Goossen, AP, LMT, CMTPT
Jacksonville Fl
904-296-1500
Shannon @myofascial.net

